

29 May 2024 EMA/HMPC/322646/2023 Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC)

European Union herbal monograph on *Urtica dioica* L.; *Urtica urens* L., radix

Draft - Revision 1

Initial assessment	
Discussion in Working Party on European Union monographs and	January 2010
European Union list (MLWP)	March 2011
	July 2011
Adopted by Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC) for	13 September 2011
release for consultation	
End of consultation (deadline for comments)	15 February 2012
Rediscussion in MLWP	March 2012
Adoption by HMPC	
Monograph (EMA/HMPC/461160/2008)	
Assessment Report (EMA/HMPC/461156/2008)	24 September 2012
List of References (EMA/HMPC/461158/2008)	
Overview of comments received during the public consultation	
(EMA/HMPC/203843/2012)	
HMPC Opinion (EMA/HMPC/627569/2012)	
First systematic review	
Discussion in HMPC	January 2022
	May 2022
Adopted by HMPC for release for consultation	29 May 2024
Start of public consultation	15 June 2024
End of consultation (deadline for comments). Comments should be	
provided using this template to hmpc.secretariat@ema.europa.eu	15 September 2024

Keywords	Herbal medicinal products; HMPC; European Union herbal monographs;	
	traditional use; Urtica dioica L.; Urtica urens L.; Urticae radix; nettle root	



BG (bălgarski): Коприва, корен

CS (čeština): kopřivový kořen

DA (dansk): Brændenælderod

DE (Deutsch): Brennnesselwurzel

EL (elliniká): ρίζα κνίδης

EN (English): Nettle Root

ES (espanol): Ortiga, raíz de

ET (eesti keel): nõgesejuur

FI (suomi): nokkonen, juuri

FR (français): Ortie (racine d')

HU (magyar): csalángyökér

IT (italiano): Ortica radice

LT (lietuvių kalba): Dilgėlių šaknys

LV (latviešu valoda): Nātru saknes

MT (malti): Gherq il-Ħurrieq

NL (nederlands): Brandnetelwortel

PL (polski): Korzeń pokrzywy

PT (português): Urtiga, raiz

RO (română): rădăcină de urzică

SK (slovenčina): Pŕhľavový koreň

SL (slovenščina): korenina koprive

SV (svenska): Brännässelrot

IS (íslenska):

NO (norsk): Neslerot

European Union herbal monograph on *Urtica dioica* L.; *Urtica urens* L., *radix*

1. Name of the medicinal product

To be specified for the individual finished product.

2. Qualitative and quantitative composition^{1, 2}

Well-established use	Traditional use
	With regard to the registration application of Article 16d(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended
	Urtica dioica L., Urtica urens L., their hybrids or mixtures, radix (nettle root)
	i) Herbal substance
	Not applicable.
	ii) Herbal preparations
	a) Comminuted herbal substance
	b) Dry extract (DER 7-14:1), extraction solvent methanol 20% V/V
	c) Dry extract (DER 5.4-8.3:1), extraction solvent ethanol 20% V/V
	d) Dry extract (DER 12-16:1), extraction solvent ethanol 70% V/V
	e) Liquid extract (DER 1:1), extraction solvent ethanol 30% V/V
	f) Dry extract (7-9:1), extraction solvent ethanol 60% V/V
	g) Dry extract (5.4-6.6:1), extraction solvent ethanol 80% V/V

3. Pharmaceutical form

Well-established use	Traditional use
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¹ The declaration of the active substance(s) for an individual finished product should be in accordance with relevant herbal quality quidance.

 $^{^{2}}$ The material complies with the European Pharmacopoeia monograph 01/2022:2538

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Comminuted herbal substance as herbal tea for oral use.
	Herbal preparations in solid or liquid dosage forms for oral use.
	The pharmaceutical form should be described by the European Pharmacopoeia full standard term.

4. Clinical particulars

4.1. Therapeutic indications

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Traditional herbal medicinal product for the relief of lower urinary tract symptoms related to benign prostatic hyperplasia after serious conditions have been excluded by a medical doctor.
	The product is a traditional herbal medicinal product for use in the specified indications exclusively based upon long-standing use.

4.2. Posology and method of administration³

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Posology
	Adults, elderly men
	a) 2 g of comminuted herbal substance in 150 ml of water as a herbal infusion, 2-3 times daily
	b) Dry extract (DER 7-14:1), extraction solvent methanol 20% V/V SD=150-160 mg, 3 times daily DD=450-480 mg at the beginning of treatment, for the first 3 months, 300 mg twice daily or SD=460 mg, once daily DD=460 mg
	c) Dry extract (DER 5.4-8.3:1), extraction solvent ethanol 20% V/V

 $^{^3}$ For guidance on herbal substance/herbal preparation administered as herbal tea or as infusion/decoction/macerate preparation, please refer to the HMPC 'Glossary on herbal teas' (EMA/HMPC/5829/2010 Rev.1)

Well-established use	Traditional use
	SD=240 mg, 3 times daily DD=720 mg
	d) Dry extract (DER 12-16:1), extraction solvent ethanol 70% V/V SD: 150.5-189 mg, twice daily DD: 301-378 mg
	e) Liquid extract (DER 1:1), extraction solvent ethanol 30% V/V SD= 40 drops, 3 times daily or 30 drops, 4 times daily DD=120 drops
	f) Dry extract (7-9:1), extraction solvent ethanol 60% V/V SD=250 mg, twice daily DD=500 mg
	g) Dry extract (5.4-6.6:1), extraction solvent ethanol 80% V/V SD=240 mg, 3 times daily DD=720 mg at the beginning of treatment, 480 mg twice daily
	There is no relevant use in children and adolescents under 18 years of age.
	Duration of use
	Long-term use is possible (see section 4.4 'Special warnings and precautions for use').
	Method of administration
	Oral use.

4.3. Contraindications

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Hypersensitivity to the active substance.

4.4. Special warnings and precautions for use

Well-established use	Traditional use
	If complaints worsen or if symptoms such as fever, spasms or blood in the urine, painful
	urination, or urinary retention occur during the
	use of the medicinal product, a doctor should be

Well-established use	Traditional use
	consulted.
	For extracts containing ethanol, the appropriate labelling for ethanol, taken from the 'Guideline on excipients in the label and package leaflet of medicinal products for human use', must be included.

4.5. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Well-established use	Traditional use
	None reported.

4.6. Fertility, pregnancy and lactation

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Pregnancy and lactation: not relevant.
	No fertility data available.

4.7. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

Well-established use	Traditional use
	No studies on the effect on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed.

4.8. Undesirable effects

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Gastrointestinal disorders: Nausea, heartburn, feeling of fullness, flatulence, diarrhoea. The frequency is not known.
	Immune system disorders: Allergic reactions (pruritus, rash, urticaria). The frequency is not known.
	If other adverse reactions not mentioned above occur, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.

4.9. Overdose

Well-established use	Traditional use

Well-established use	Traditional use
	No case of overdose has been reported.

5. Pharmacological properties

5.1. Pharmacodynamic properties

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC.

5.2. Pharmacokinetic properties

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC.

5.3. Preclinical safety data

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC, unless necessary for the safe use of the product.
	Adequate tests on genotoxicity have not been performed.
	Tests on reproductive toxicity and carcinogenicity have not been performed.

6. Pharmaceutical particulars

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not applicable.

7. Date of compilation/last revision

29 May 2024